

The Salvation Army
Directory.

No. II.

By THE GENERAL.



THE SALVATION ARMY BOOK DEPARTMENT.

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NOTE.

The attention of all Field and Local Officers who are responsible for teaching the Directory is called to

HELPS TO THE DIRECTORY,

issued by authority of The General, and containing suggestions and illustrations for teaching

The Salvation Army Directory.

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GENERAL ORDER.

This series of Directories has been prepared with a view to training Salvation Army children in the love of God and the knowledge of His will, and in the best way to fight for Him and for the salvation of those around them.

This Directory (No. II.) is intended chiefly for children of from 10 to 14 years of age. Directory No. I. is intended for younger children; and No. III., designed for the use of Parents and Workers among our children, is in course of preparation.

The Directories are to be used by all Salvation Army children. All who have the care of Army children, especially Parents, Field Officers, Junior Soldier Sergeant-Majors and Company Leaders, will be held responsible for seeing that the Directories are understood and enforced.

WILLIAM BOOTH.

INTERNATIONAL HEADQUARTERS,
October, 1902.

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OF THIS DIRECTORY.**

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PART I.—REVELATION

INTRODUCTION.

1. **What is your name?**
My name is A (Christian name), and B (Surname).
2. **Who made you?**
God made me.
3. **Why did He make you?**
God made me to love and serve Him, to do all the good I can while I am in this world, and to live with Him in Heaven after I die.
4. **Were you made in the image and likeness of God?**
I was made in the image and likeness of God.
5. **In what way were you made in the image and likeness of God?**
I was made in the image and likeness of God chiefly in respect to my soul.
6. **How can your soul be said to be like God?**
My soul is like God because it is an immortal spirit that can know and love Him, and can choose between good and evil.

7. When you say your soul is immortal, what do you mean?

When I say that my soul is immortal, I mean that it can never die.

8. Is your soul of more value than your body?

My soul is of much greater value than my body, and I must give the greater care to it, for Jesus Christ said: "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?"

9. Is it possible for you to lose your soul?

Yes, it is possible for me to lose my soul.

10. What do you mean by losing your soul?

By losing my soul I mean that if I live a wicked life, and die in my sins, I shall be a lost soul in Hell.

11. How can you save your soul?

I can save my soul by accepting the salvation offered me by Jesus Christ, and by living a truly religious life.

12. What is true Religion?

True Religion is loving and serving God, and doing all I can to make others good and happy.

13. Is a truly religious life the best?

A truly religious life is the best and happiest.

14. Can children be truly religious?

Children can be truly religious, for Jesus Christ said, "Suffer little children to come unto

Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

15. Is it desirable for you to understand Religion while you are young?

It is very desirable that I should understand Religion while I am young. It will be useful to me now, and in future years more useful still.

16. What is the object of this Directory?

The object of this Directory is to teach the way of Salvation.

17. Does The Army require you to learn this Directory?

The Army requires me to understand, believe, and act according to this Directory.

18. Is it your duty to be thankful to your Teachers?

I ought to be thankful to my Teachers for their kindness in teaching me, and I ought to pray God to bless them.

CHAPTER I.

GOD.

1. You say that God made you. Who is God?

God is the Creator, Father, and Governor of all things.

2. What kind of a Being is God?

God is a Self-existent and Eternal Spirit.

3. What is meant by God being a Self-existent Spirit?

God is a Spirit, whose life and power and happiness do not depend upon anything outside of Himself.

4. What do you mean by God being an Eternal Spirit?

By God being an Eternal Spirit I mean that His existence is without beginning and without end.

5. Are there more Gods than one?

There is one God, the living and the true God.

6. Are there more persons than one in God?

There are three persons in God—God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost, and these three are one God. This truth we call the Trinity.

7. What do you mean by the Trinity?

The Trinity is the three persons in one God, which is a mystery.

8. What is a mystery?

A mystery is something which is true, but which we cannot understand.

9. Are there many mysteries in the Bible?

There are many mysteries in the Bible.

10. Is there anything in man which reminds you of the Trinity?

There is something in man which reminds us of the Trinity, for man has a body, a soul, and a spirit; and yet he is not three men, but one man.

CHAPTER II.

THE ATTRIBUTES OF GOD.

1. Is God everywhere?

God is present everywhere all the time. He sees us when we do right, and He sees us when we do wrong.

2. Does God know everything that happens?

God knows everything that happens, and therefore knows all that we think and feel and say and do.

3. Is God all-wise?

God is all-wise. He understands all things, and He cannot make mistakes.

4. Is God all-powerful?

God is almighty, which means that He is able to do whatever He feels He ought to do. "With God all things are possible."

5. Is God perfectly good?

God is perfectly good. It is impossible for Him to sin.

6. Is God just?

God is just. He deals justly with all His creatures, rewarding the righteous and punishing the wicked.

7. Is God true and faithful?

God is true and faithful. The words of God are always true, and His promises can never fail.

8. Is God gracious and merciful?

God is gracious and merciful. He is full of pity for those who do wrong, slow to punish and ready to forgive.

CHAPTER III.

THE CREATION OF THE WORLD.

1. What is it to create?

To create is to make something out of nothing.

2. Who created the world?

The world was created by God.

3. How did God create the world?

The world was created by the word of God. He spake, and it was made.

4. Then the world did not make itself?

It was impossible for the world to make itself. Just as every watch, or house, or engine that we see has had a maker, so the world had a Maker, and the Maker of the world was God.

5. Why did God create the world?

God created the world to show forth His wisdom, love, and power.

6. When did God make man?

After God had created the world He made our first parents, Adam and Eve, and gave them the Garden of Eden to live in.

7. Did God make our first parents pure and good, that is, without sin?

Our first parents were pure when God made them, that is, they were without sin.

8. Did our first parents fall from the sinless state in which they were made?

Our first parents fell from the sinless state in which God made them, and they became sinners.

9. What is sin?

To sin is to do what is wrong. It is disobedience to the commands of God.

10. What was the sin by which our first parents fell from their holy state?

Our first parents fell from their holy state by disobedience. They ate the fruit of a tree which God said they should not eat.

11. Why were our first parents commanded not to eat the forbidden fruit?

God commanded our first parents not to

eat the forbidden fruit, because He saw that it was not good for them to eat of it.

12. What were the first effects of the disobedience of Adam and Eve?

By the disobedience of Adam and Eve God was made angry, their hearts became sinful, and they were driven out of the Garden of Eden.

13. Did the disobedience of Adam and Eve bring other evils into the world?

By the disobedience of Adam and Eve sin and sorrow and death entered into the world and have ever since been the lot of all men.

14. Are we descended from Adam and Eve?

We are all descended from Adam and Eve, and therefore we are all born with sinful hearts. All men are sinners.

CHAPTER IV.

THE FOUR LAST THINGS.

1. What are the four last things in the history of mankind?

The four last things in the history of mankind are the Resurrection of the Dead, the Day of Judgment, Heaven, and Hell.

THE RESURRECTION.

2. What do you mean by the Resurrection of the Dead?

By the Resurrection of the Dead, I mean the dead will one day be raised to life again,

their bodies will once more be united with their souls, and they will live for ever.

THE JUDGMENT.

3. What is the Day of Judgment?

The Day of Judgment is that great reckoning day, when God will bring all men before His Judgment Seat to give an account of their lives.

4. How will God judge the people?

At the Judgment God will separate the righteous from the wicked, and He will reward the righteous and punish the wicked according to their works.

5. What will the Judge say to the righteous?

The Judge will say to the righteous, "Come, ye blessed of My Father, inherit the Kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world."

6. What will He say to the wicked?

The Judge will say to the wicked, "Depart from Me, ye cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels."

HEAVEN.

7. What is Heaven?

Heaven is the home of God and the angels, and is a beautiful, holy and happy place.

8. Will there be any sin, or sorrow, or sickness, or death in Heaven?

There will be neither sin, nor sorrow, nor sickness, nor death in Heaven.

9. Will there be joys in Heaven?

In Heaven there will be music and singing, and every other thing that will create holy and lasting happiness.

10. Shall we see our Saviour in Heaven?

The sight and presence of our Saviour will be the chief delight of Heaven.

11. Shall we know our friends again when we meet them in Heaven?

We shall certainly know our friends again when we meet them in Heaven.

12. What kind of people go to Heaven?

All Jesus Christ's blood-washed and faithful Soldiers will go into Heaven when they die.

13. Will Heaven last for ever?

Heaven will last for ever.

HELL.**14. When you speak of Hell, what do you mean?**

By Hell I mean that dreadful place of punishment to which wicked people are sent when they die.

15. Who will be in Hell?

The devil, his angels, and all lost souls who refused to let God save them when they were on earth.

16. What will be the chief cause of misery to lost souls?

The chief cause of misery to lost souls will be the regret they will suffer when they

remember the evil things they did, and the mercy they refused when they were on the earth.

17. Will lost souls have any other cause of misery?

Another cause of misery to lost souls in Hell will be the reproaches of those brought to that dreadful place through their example.

18. Will lost souls be compelled to suffer the wrath of God?

Lost souls will be compelled to suffer the wrath of God.

19. Can lost souls escape from Hell?

Lost souls cannot escape from Hell, no matter how they try.

20. How long will Hell last?

God's Word declares that Hell will last for ever.

CHAPTER V.**THE LORD JESUS CHRIST.****1. Did the Fall of man grieve God?**

The Fall of man was a great sorrow to our Heavenly Father, and the sin and misery that have followed it have been a greater sorrow still.

2. Does God keep on loving the world in spite of sin?

God loves the world and longs to save the sinners, although He hates their sin.

3. Has God done anything to save man from sin and from the results of his wrong-doing?

God gave Jesus Christ to die for us that we might be saved from sin and its awful punishment.

4. Who is Jesus Christ?

Jesus Christ is the Son of God.

5. Is Jesus Christ really and truly God?

Jesus Christ is really and truly God.

6. Has Jesus Christ always been God?

Jesus Christ has been God from all eternity and will be God for evermore.

7. Is Jesus Christ possessed of all the powers of God?

Yes, Jesus Christ is possessed of all the powers of God.

8. Which Person in the Trinity is Jesus Christ?

Jesus Christ is the second Person in the Trinity.

9. Was Jesus Christ always man?

Jesus Christ was not always man. He has been man only since His Incarnation.

10. What do you mean by the Incarnation of Jesus Christ?

By the Incarnation of Jesus Christ I mean that He took to Himself a human body and soul; being born of the Virgin Mary. That is what the Bible means when it says "The Word was made Flesh."

11. Are there two natures in Jesus Christ?

There are two natures in Jesus Christ—the nature of God, and the nature of man.

12. How do you divide the principal events in the history of our Lord Jesus Christ?

I divide the principal events in the history of our Saviour into three parts.

13. What are those three parts?

The principal events in the history of the Lord Jesus Christ are:—

1. The events of His Life.
2. The events of His Sacrifice.
3. The events of His Triumph.

14. What are the principal events in the Life of Jesus Christ?

The principal events in the Life of Jesus Christ are:—

1. His birth in Bethlehem.
2. His temptation in the Wilderness.
3. His holy Teaching.
4. His wonderful Miracles.

15. What are the principal events relating to the sacrifice of Jesus Christ?

The principal events relating to the sacrifice of Jesus Christ are:—

1. His agony in the Garden of Gethsemane.
2. His betrayal by Judas.
3. His trial and condemnation by Pilate.
4. His death upon the cross.

16. What are the principal events in connection with the triumph of Jesus Christ?

The principal events in connection with the triumph of Jesus Christ are:—

1. His resurrection from the dead.
2. His ascension to Heaven.
3. His intercession at the Father's right hand.
4. His gift of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost.

17. Why did Jesus Christ come into the world?

Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners.

18. How does Jesus Christ save sinners?

By His life, His death, and His triumph.

19. What is it in Jesus Christ's life that leads to Salvation?

The teaching and example of Jesus Christ's life lead men to salvation.

20. Can you give an illustration of His teaching?

We have an illustration of His teaching in the eight beatitudes.

21. What is a beatitude?

A beatitude is a blessed truth.

22. What are the eight beatitudes?

The eight beatitudes are:—

1. "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven."

2. "Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted."

3. "Blessed are the meek, for they shall inherit the earth."

4. "Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled."

5. "Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy."

6. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

7. "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God."

8. "Blessed are they which are persecuted for righteousness' sake, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven."

23. Is all the teaching of Jesus Christ important?

All Jesus Christ's words will help us to serve God, if we are only careful to learn and understand them.

24. What must we do with Jesus Christ's commands?

We must obey Christ's commands, for He Himself said that not the hearers only, but the doers of His Word will be saved.

25. How does the example of Jesus Christ help to save sinners?

The example of Jesus Christ helps to save

sinner by showing how His teaching can and should be carried out in their lives.

26. Is Jesus Christ a perfect example for us?

Jesus Christ is a perfect example of a holy man, for although He was tempted in all points like as we are, He lived a holy life.

27. How does the death of Jesus Christ save sinners?

Jesus Christ saves sinners by the sacrifice He made for their sins, when He shed His blood and died for them on the cross.

28. What blessings may we obtain through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ?

Through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ our sins may be forgiven, we can be made holy and useful and happy on the earth, and at last go to live for ever with God and the angels in Heaven.

29. How does the death of Jesus Christ make all this possible?

The death of Jesus Christ makes all this possible because it shows the evil of sin, the justice of God; reveals His love, and makes a way of salvation for all who will receive it.

30. Can all men be saved through the death of Jesus Christ?

All men can be saved if they will repent and believe in Jesus Christ as their Saviour, for He tasted death for every man.

31. Will all men be saved?

No; all men will not be saved, because they will not repent and accept the salvation of Jesus Christ.

32. Was it not very loving of Jesus to come down from Heaven to suffer and die for us?

It was most wonderful love that brought Jesus from Heaven to suffer and die for us.

33. What is the meaning of the name "Jesus"?

The name "Jesus" means "Saviour."

34. Why is Jesus called a Shepherd?

Jesus Christ is called a Shepherd because we are like sheep that have gone astray, and He wants to bring us all into His fold, and there keep us safely all the rest of our days.

35. Is Jesus Christ's heart now as tender as it was when He was on the earth?

Jesus Christ's heart is still as tender as when He was on the earth. He loves His children more than any human being can, especially the saved children.

36. Does Jesus Christ pity those who refuse to be saved?

Jesus Christ is full of pity for those who refuse to be saved.

37. Does Jesus know anything about our trials and temptations?

Jesus knows all about our trials and temptations, and sympathises with us, and if

we will obey and trust Him, He will help us to endure and conquer them.

CHAPTER VI.
THE HOLY SPIRIT.

1. Who is the Holy Spirit?

The Holy Spirit is the Third Person in the Holy Trinity.

2. Is the Holy Spirit really and truly God?

The Holy Spirit is really and truly God.

3. What is the work of the Holy Spirit?

The work of the Holy Spirit is to convince men of sin, persuade them to seek salvation, and then to help them to be good Soldiers of Jesus Christ.

4. In what way does the Holy Spirit work in and for us?

The Holy Spirit works in us and for us in four ways. These are called the four offices of the Holy Spirit.

5. Will you repeat the four offices of the Holy Spirit?

The following are the four offices of the Holy Spirit:—

1. He is the Revealer.
2. He is the Witness.
3. He is the Comforter.
4. He is the Keeper.

6. In what way is the Holy Spirit the Revealer?

The Holy Spirit is the Revealer because He shows us the great evil of sin, and makes known to us Jesus and the way of salvation.

7. Does the Holy Spirit teach us to love and serve God?

The Holy Spirit teaches us to love and serve God, and to help and bless others.

8. In what way is the Holy Spirit the Witness?

The Holy Spirit witnesses in our hearts to the forgiveness of sins, and assures us of the favour of God if we continue faithful to Him.

9. In what way is the Holy Spirit the Comforter?

The Holy Spirit comforts and strengthens His people in all their trials and sorrows, and especially strengthens them when they have to suffer persecution for Christ's sake.

10. How does the Holy Spirit make His people strong?

The Holy Spirit strengthens us to fight for God by giving us the assurance of His favour, and power to obey His will.

11. In what way is the Holy Spirit our Keeper?

If we are faithful, the Holy Spirit keeps us from falling into sin by enabling us to resist temptation, and by protecting us from the power of the devil.

12. Does the Holy Spirit speak directly to our hearts?

The Holy Spirit often speaks directly to our hearts, but He also speaks through the Bible, through our Officers, parents and guardians, and through holy books.

13. How does the Holy Spirit deal with those who will not do as He wants them?

The Holy Spirit is long patient with those who refuse to do as He wants them, but if they continue to resist Him He gives them up and leaves them to perish in their sins.

14. Ought people to give up seeking mercy because they are tempted to fear that the Holy Spirit has been grieved away?

No one should give up hoping for the mercy of God because of the fear that the Holy Spirit has been grieved away, for God is merciful, and it is not His will that any should perish, but that all men should be saved.

15. Is it possible to save our souls and to serve God without the assistance of the Holy Spirit?

It is impossible to save our souls and to serve God without the assistance of the Holy Spirit.

16. Is it right to pray for the Holy Spirit to aid us in our efforts to be good?

We ought to ask for the Holy Spirit to

help us in every good work, both before we begin and while we are engaged in it.

CHAPTER VII.

THE BIBLE.

1. Has God made known to men His character and His works?

The Bible reveals the character and works of God.

2. Has God made known in the Bible His will concerning the kind of people we ought to be?

God has made known in the Bible His will concerning the kind of people we ought to be, and the kind of lives we ought to live.

3. What does the word "Bible" mean?

The word "Bible" means "The Book."

4. Why is the Bible specially called "The Book"?

Because the Bible contains the revelation of the will of God, and is therefore of more importance than any other book in the world.

5. How was the revelation of the will of God in the Bible made known to men?

God made known His thoughts and wishes to holy men who lived a long time ago, and they wrote those thoughts and wishes, and the book which contains their writings is called the Bible.

6. What do you mean by the Bible being a revelation?

By the Bible being a revelation I mean that God has therein made known truths that men could not find out for themselves.

7. Is everything in the Bible a revelation from God?

There are some things in the Bible which did not come by Divine revelation, for they were made known by other means.

8. If all the Bible is not a revelation, is it all inspired?

All the Bible is inspired.

9. What do you mean by the Bible being inspired?

By the Bible being inspired I mean that God so directed and enlightened the minds of those who wrote it, that they wrote only what is true.

10. What use ought you to make of the Bible?

I ought to read the Bible daily, seek after its meaning, believe what it says, and be guided by it.

11. Ought you to ask God to help you to understand the Bible when you read it?

I ought to ask God to help me to understand the Bible when I read it.

12. Will believing the words of the Bible save your soul?

Merely knowing and believing the Bible

cannot save me, unless I practise what I learn from it.

13. What should you do when you cannot understand the Bible?

I should ask my parents, if they are saved, and my Officers to explain any difficulties I may meet with in reading the Bible, and I should follow their advice.

PART II.—EXPERIENCE.

CHAPTER I.

SIN.

1. What is it to sin?

To sin is to do anything we know to be wrong.

2. Is every sin a wrong against God?

Every sin is a wrong against God, whether it be wrong done to ourselves or to others, or to any of God's creatures.

3. Is it sinful to leave undone those things we know we ought to do?

It is just as sinful to leave things undone that we knew we ought to do as to do things that we know we ought not to do.

4. Is sin a terrible evil?

Sin is a terrible evil, because it is an offence against God, and also brings misery and a guilty conscience in this life and punishment after death.

5. Is it not very wicked to commit sins which we have been warned and entreated not to commit?

It is very wicked to commit sins which we have been warned and entreated not to commit.

6. Is it not very wicked to commit sins which are likely to lead others into sin?

It is very wicked to commit sins which are likely to lead others into sin.

7. Are we ever to be blamed for the sins of others?

We are to be blamed for the sins of others when we cause them to do wrong, or when we join in their wrong-doing.

8. Does God keep any record of our sins?

A record of our sins is kept in God's Book of Remembrance, and, unless they be forgiven, they will be brought against us at the Judgment Day.

CHAPTER II.

FORGIVENESS OF SIN.

1. Can we be saved from our sins?

Jesus Christ lived and died and rose again from the dead that sinners might be saved.

2. What is it to be saved?

"To be saved" means that three things have happened to the sinner.

3. What are these three things?

When the sinner is saved—

1. All his sins are forgiven

2. He is converted.

3. He receives a new object in life.

4. What is the forgiveness of sins?

The forgiveness of sins is the pardon of all our past wrong-doings. God blots out their record from His Book of Remembrance.

5. Can we obtain forgiveness by our own works?

We cannot obtain forgiveness of sins by our own repentance, or good deeds, or by anything that we can do.

6. Can we obtain forgiveness of sins from a church?

We cannot obtain the forgiveness of our sins from a church, or from any priest or minister, or from The Army.

7. Who forgives sins?

God forgives sins, and God only.

8. When we are saved does God forgive all the sins of our past lives, and does He forgive them all at once?

When we are saved God forgives all the sins of our past lives, and He forgives them all at once.

9. When God forgives our sins will they never be brought against us again?

When God forgives our sins they will never be brought against us again, unless we forsake Him and go back to our wickedness.

10. Why is it important that we should receive the forgiveness of our sins?

Because sin separates us from God, and

if we die unforgiven we shall be separated from Him in Hell for ever.

CHAPTER III.
CONVERSION.

1. What is conversion?

Conversion is that change which God works in the heart of the sinner at the time that He forgives his sin.

2. What does conversion do for us?

Having been converted we are enabled by the power of the Holy Ghost to do right and live a good and useful life.

3. Is conversion spoken of by Jesus Christ as being "born again"

Conversion is spoken of by Jesus Christ as being "born again," which means that it is the beginning of a new life.

4. Can we know whether we have been converted, and whether we are now in a state of salvation?

Yes, we can know whether we have been converted, and whether we are now in a state of salvation.

5. How can you know that you have been converted, and that you are now in a state of salvation?

I can know that I have been converted and that I am now in a state of salvation by three signs.

6. What are the three signs that prove you are in a state of salvation?

The three signs that prove that I am in a state of salvation are:—

1. The assurance of the Holy Spirit in my heart that I am saved.
2. The better life I am enabled to live.
3. The testimony of my Officers and of my Salvation friends.

7. What is meant by having a new object in life?

Before people are converted they live to please themselves. After they are converted they live to please God, and to be useful to others.

CHAPTER IV.

THE CONDITIONS OF SALVATION.

1. Does God divide all men into two classes?

God divides all men into two classes—the saved and unsaved, the saints and the sinners, the righteous and the wicked, His friends and His enemies.

2. What must we do to be saved?

Those who wish to be saved must do five things.

3. What are those five things called?

The five things that we have to do to be saved are called the "Conditions of Salvation."

4. What do you mean by the Conditions of Salvation?

The Conditions of Salvation are the things we have to do, on our part, before God will save us.

5. What are the five Conditions?

The five Conditions of Salvation are:— Seeking, Repentance, Renouncement, Consecration, Saving Faith.

6. Can anyone be saved without first complying with these Conditions?

No one can be saved without complying with these five Conditions.

7. What is meant by seeking Salvation?

Seeking Salvation means desiring it, and doing all in our power to find it.

8. What is Repentance?

Repentance is real sorrow for having sinned against God.

9. What is Renouncement?

Renouncement is giving up all our sins; that is, all that we know to be displeasing to God.

10. What is Consecration?

Consecration is offering ourselves to God to do whatever He wants us to do, and promising to obey Him all our lives.

11. What is Saving Faith?

Saving Faith is believing that God, for

Jesus Christ's sake, forgives all our sins and receives us into His favour.

12. When God saves us do we become His children?

When God saves us He adopts us into His family, and then we are His own dear children.

13. Is Adoption a great blessing?

To be made a child of God and a Soldier of Jesus Christ and an heir of Heaven is a great blessing.

CHAPTER V.

HOLINESS.

1. Do people ever sin after they have become converted, and made into God's children?

Unfortunately, God's people do sin after they have become converted, and made into God's children.

2. If people sin after they have been converted, will God forgive them and love them again?

God will forgive His children when they fall into sin, if they repent and confess their sin, and resolve not to sin any more.

3. Are we forced to keep on sinning and then repenting of our sins as long as we live?

We need not keep on sinning and repenting as long as we live, for God is able and willing to give us each a clean heart, and to keep us from doing the things that are displeasing to Him any more.

4. What is a Clean Heart?

A Clean Heart is a heart out of which all malice and anger and all wicked feelings and desires have been taken by the Holy Spirit, and which is kept pure and holy by Him.

5. When people get a Clean Heart do they have temptations and sorrows any more?

Yes, people with a Clean Heart will have temptations and sorrows; but temptations and sorrows are not sins.

6. How do we know that we can have a Clean Heart, and be delivered from committing any more sins?

The Bible says that we can have a Clean Heart, and be delivered from committing any more sins.

7. Can you give me a passage from the Bible which says we can have a Clean Heart?

"If we confess our sins He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness." And Jesus said: "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

8. Is there any other proof of the possibility of obtaining and keeping the blessing of a Clean Heart?

Yes. Many of God's most precious children have testified that He has cleansed their hearts and kept them from sin.

9. What must we do to obtain this great blessing?

To obtain the blessing of a Clean Heart,

1. We must be converted.
2. We must seek to be made perfectly holy.
3. We must give up everything that we feel is opposed to the will of God.
4. We must give ourselves up entirely to do the will of God.
5. We must believe that the precious Blood cleanses us at the moment from all sin.

CHAPTER VI.

BACKSLIDING.

1. Is it possible for those who have been brought into a state of salvation to continue to be faithful unto death?

It is possible to be true to our promises to God and to continue in a state of Salvation unto death.

2. Do all who have been saved remain faithful?

No! Many become unfaithful.

3. How do Soldiers become unfaithful?

Soldiers become unfaithful by disobedience to God, by disobedience to their Officers, through

worldly companions and such-like, and so grow cold, and lose their love for Him and for The Army.

4. Ought those who have grown cold to think they have lost their religion altogether?

Those who have grown cold ought not to think they have lost their religion entirely, and they must not give up praying and trying to please God and to benefit others.

5. What ought those who have grown cold to do?

Those who have grown cold should keep on praying and seeking God in sincerity and attending the meetings. If they do these things they will get back the love and happiness they had when they were first converted.

6. Is it possible for those who have been truly converted to fall away altogether?

It is possible for those who have been truly converted to fall away altogether, and to become as wicked as they were before they were saved.

7. What is it to backslide entirely?

To backslide entirely is to give up praying to God, to commit wilful sins and refuse to repent of them.

8. What are the consequences of backsliding?

Backsliding causes great sorrow to God, brings disgrace on The Army, and if it goes on it will ruin the backslider for ever.

9. Will those who backslide and die in their sins be lost for ever?

Those backsliders who refuse to be restored and who die in their sins will be lost for ever.

10. What must a backslider do who wants to be restored to the favour of God and his place in The Army?

He must confess his backslidings, go to the Mercy Seat, and fulfil the five Conditions of Salvation just as he did when he was first saved.

PART III.—OBEDIENCE.

CHAPTER I.

HOW TO KEEP SAVED.

1. Has God appointed special means to keep us in a state of Salvation?

Yes, and we can only be kept in a state of Salvation by carefully using them.

2. What are the means God has appointed?

The means God has appointed by which I may continue in a state of Salvation are:—

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Faith. | 3. Obedience. |
| 2. Prayer. | 4. Fighting. |

CHAPTER II.

FAITH.

1. What is Faith?

Faith is believing that a statement either written or spoken is true.

2. What is the Faith that has to do with religion?

The Faith that has to do with religion is believing that God's words in the Bible are true.

3. Do you believe that the words in the Bible are true?

Yes, I believe that the words in the Bible are true.

4. When you say that you believe that the words in the Bible are true, what do you mean?

I mean that I believe what the Bible says about God and His workings, about Jesus Christ, the Holy Spirit and Salvation is true.

5. Do you believe that what is said in the Bible about the righteous and their reward, and about the wicked and their punishment, is true?

I believe that what is said in the Bible about the righteous and their reward, and about the wicked and their punishment, is true.

6. Has not God made many promises to us of good things in the Bible?

All the things that are necessary to our being holy and useful and happy on earth and getting into Heaven at last are promised to us in the Bible.

7. Do you believe that the good things God has promised in the Bible will be given to you?

If the promises belong to me, I believe that the good things promised in them will be given to me.

8. Do the promises in the Bible belong to you?

The promises in the Bible belong to me if I am the kind of person to whom they are made.

9. What do you mean by being the kind of person to whom the promises are made?

It is like this: If I repent, then the forgive-

ness promised to those who repent will come to me; and if I do right, and am faithful unto death, the crown of life promised will be given to me by God; and the same with all the other promises.

10. Does not Faith unto Salvation mean something more than believing that the words of God are true?

The Faith that brings Salvation means something more than believing that the words of God are true: it means trusting in God Himself, through His Son Jesus Christ.

11. What is trusting in God?

Trusting in God is relying upon Him for the supply of all our needs, both for body and soul, whether we live or die, and that because we believe in His love for us.

12. Do good children trust their earthly parents?

Good children trust their earthly parents for their food and clothes and all that they need.

13. Must we keep on trusting in God in this way all the time?

We must keep on trusting in God in this way all the time, believing that He loves us and will make all things work together for our good if we love Him.

14. Must we believe that God loves and cares for us when we have trials and difficulties?

We must believe that God loves and

cares for us whether the way is rough or smooth, whether we are sick or well, whether things go pleasantly or otherwise.

15. May we believe that God is pleased with us when we are doing wrong?

We must not believe that God is pleased with us when we are doing wrong. He is angry with us when we do wrong.

16. When we have been led into doing wrong what must we do?

We must hasten to confess and forsake our wrong-doing and seek pardon for it, and after we have found forgiveness we must go on believing again.

17. Will faith in God enable us to overcome the opposition of the world and the temptations of the devil?

Faith in God will enable us to overcome the opposition of the world and the temptations of the devil.

18. Will faith in God keep us holy and useful and happy all the time?

Faith in God will keep us holy and useful and happy all the time.

19. Can we keep in a state of Salvation without faith?

We cannot keep in a state of Salvation without faith. Without faith it is impossible to please God

CHAPTER III.

PRAYER.

1. What is the second means God has appointed to keep us in a state of Salvation?

Prayer.

2. What is Prayer?

Prayer is asking God for the things that we desire, either for ourselves or for others.

3. Are we commanded to pray?

God commands us to pray both openly and in secret.

4. What Prayer did Jesus Christ teach His disciples?

The Prayer that Jesus Christ taught His disciples is called "The Lord's Prayer."

5. Will you repeat the Lord's Prayer?

"Our Father which art in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread; and forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil; for Thine is the Kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever. Amen."

6. Why do we say, "Our Father which art in Heaven"?

We say, "*Our Father*," because He is the Father of us all.

7. What is meant by the sentence, "Hallowed be Thy name"?

When we say, "*Hallowed be Thy name*," we pray that all the world may come to know and honour our Heavenly Father.

8. When we say, "Thy Kingdom come," what do we pray for?

When we say, "*Thy Kingdom come*," we pray that all the world may be brought to the feet of our Heavenly Father, receive His Salvation, and crown Him Lord of all.

9. What do we mean when we say, "Thy will be done in earth, as it is in Heaven"?

When we say, "*Thy will be done in earth, as it is in Heaven*," we pray that God will give us power to do His will in our hearts and lives on earth, as really as the angels do it in Heaven.

10. What do we mean when we say, "Give us this day our daily bread"?

When we say, "*Give us this day our daily bread*," we pray that God will give us day by day the food that He sees we need for body and for soul.

11. What do we mean when we say, "Forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us"?

When we say, "*Forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us*," we pray that God will forgive us the sins we have done against Him, as freely as we forgive those people who have sinned against us.

12. What is meant by "Lead us not into temptation"?

When we say, "*Lead us not into temptation*," we pray that God will keep us out of the way of temptation, as far as He sees that this will be for our good.

13. When we ask God to "Deliver us from evil," what do we mean?

When we say, "*Deliver us from evil*," we pray that God will deliver us from peril and sorrow, and preserve us from falling into sin.

14. What is meant by, "For Thine is the Kingdom, and the power, and the glory"?

When we say, "*For Thine is the Kingdom, and the power, and the glory*," we mean that all the power and the glory in Heaven and earth rightly belong to God.

15. What is the meaning of "Amen"?

"*Amen*" means "Let it be done," or "Let my prayer be answered."

CHAPTER IV.

KEEPING THE COMMANDMENTS.

1. What is the third means God has appointed to keep us in a state of Salvation?
Obedience.

2. What do you mean by Obedience?

By obedience I mean keeping the commandments of God, and obeying those who have the rule over me in The Salvation Army.

3. What is obeying God?

Obeying God is keeping His commandments and doing those things that will add to His glory and spread His Salvation.

4. Has God made known His commandments?

God has made known His will in the law given to Moses called the Ten Commandments.

5. What are the Ten Commandments?

The following are the Ten Commandments:—

1. Thou shalt have no other gods before Me.

2. Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth: thou shalt not bow down thyself to them, nor serve them.

3. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord Thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain.

4. Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy.

5. Honour thy father and thy mother: that thy days may be long upon the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

6. Thou shalt do no murder.

7. Thou shalt not commit adultery.

8. Thou shalt not steal.

9. Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.

10. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his manservant, nor his maid-servant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbour's.

6. What is the first commandment?

The first commandment is, "I am the Lord thy God; thou shalt have no other gods before Me."

7. What does the first commandment require?

The first commandment requires us to acknowledge the Lord to be the only true God, and to confess Him before men as our God.

8. What is the second commandment?

The second commandment is, "Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth: thou shalt not bow down thyself to them, nor serve them."

9. What does the second commandment forbid?

The second commandment forbids the making of any image for worship, or the bowing down to any image, or the giving to any being or thing the honour which belongs to God alone.

10. Does the second commandment forbid intercourse with evil spirits, together with all superstitious practices?

The second commandment forbids intercourse with familiar spirits, together with all superstitious practices, such as spiritualism and fortune-telling.

11. Does the second commandment forbid the giving of too much love and attention to earthly things?

The second commandment forbids our giving to relatives, business, recreations, or any other earthly things, the love and service we ought to give to God.

12. What does the second commandment require?

The second commandment requires that

we offer to God a pure worship from pure motives and with clean hearts.

13. What is the third commandment?

The third commandment is, "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain."

14. What does the third commandment forbid?

The third commandment forbids all cursing and swearing and blasphemous language.

15. What does the third commandment require?

The third commandment requires that we should always use the name of God with humble reverence, and speak of His people and His work with due respect.

16. How must we show our reverence for God?

We must bow down and close our eyes when we pray; we must think about what we read in the Bible; and we must try to speak bravely for God when others speak against Him.

17. What is the fourth commandment?

The fourth commandment is, "Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy."

18. What does the fourth commandment require?

The fourth commandment requires that we make Sunday a holy day.

19. How are we to keep Sunday a holy day?

By resting from our daily work, and helping others to do the same.

20. Why should we keep Sunday in this way?

We are commanded to keep Sunday holy that we may have time for prayer, meetings, and works of mercy and love.

21. What does this commandment forbid?

The fourth commandment forbids all labour on Sunday that is not absolutely required to keep us in health, or for works of necessity, charity and mercy.

22. What is the fifth commandment?

The fifth commandment is, "Honour thy father and thy mother: that it may be well with thee, and that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee."

23. What does the fifth commandment require?

The fifth commandment requires us to love and reverence our parents, and to obey them in all things except where it would be sinful to do so.

24. Are we required by this commandment to assist our parents when they need our help?

We are bound by this commandment to assist our parents, in both their bodily and spiritual needs, as far as we are able to do so.

25. Are we not commanded to obey others who are placed over us?

We are commanded to obey our Officers, the civil authorities, our teachers, and other lawful superiors.

26. What is the duty of parents to their children?

It is the duty of parents to love and cherish and correct their children, to provide for their needs, and to see that they are instructed in what will help them to serve God and get to Heaven.

27. What is the duty of superiors to those under their care?

It is the duty of masters and mistresses to care for the welfare of those who are under them, in body, mind and spirit, and to give them every reasonable opportunity for attending to their religious duties.

28. Ought parents to choose such earthly occupations for their children as will be favourable to their being holy and useful Soldiers?

Parents ought to choose such occupations for their children as are favourable to their being holy and useful Soldiers.

29. Ought parents to train their children and select their occupations with a view to their becoming Officers?

Parents ought to train their children and select occupations for them with a view to their

becoming Officers in The Army, or filling in The Army positions for which they may show themselves capable.

30. What is the promise that God has made to those who keep the fifth commandment?

God's promise to all children who honour their parents is long life and prosperity, so far as these shall be for God's glory and the children's good.

31. What is the sixth commandment?

The sixth commandment is, "Thou shalt do no murder."

32. What does the sixth commandment forbid?

The sixth commandment forbids unjust war, murder, suicide, fighting and quarrelling, as well as businesses or trades that kill or are hurtful to those engaged in them.

33. Does the sixth commandment forbid the bad passions that lead to killing?

The sixth commandment forbids all those evil passions that lead to murder, such as hatred, anger, malice and revenge.

34. Does the sixth commandment forbid our engaging in those trades or callings which are hurtful to those about us?

The sixth commandment forbids our engaging in all trades and callings which lead to sin, disease and death.

35. What is the seventh commandment?

The seventh commandment is, "Thou shalt not commit adultery."

36. What does the seventh commandment forbid?

The seventh commandment forbids all impurity with anyone else's husband or wife.

37. Does the seventh commandment forbid everything that is impure?

The seventh commandment forbids everything that is impure, whether it be immodest acts, words, songs, books or anything else.

38. Is it a sin to tempt others to the practice of impurity by looks or words or in any other way?

It is a dreadful sin to tempt others to the practice of impurity, either by immodest looks or words or acts.

39. What is the eighth commandment?

The eighth commandment is "Thou shalt not steal."

40. What does the eighth commandment forbid?

The eighth commandment forbids all kinds of theft and cheating, and prohibits us from making a profit by any kind of deceit.

41. Ought we to make amends when we have wronged anyone?

If we have wronged anyone by taking anything from them unjustly, we are bound to restore it if we can, or the sin will not be forgiven.

42. Is it right to go into debt?

It is not right to go into debt, if it does not seem likely that we shall be able to pay the debt when it falls due.

43. What is the ninth commandment?

The ninth commandment is, "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour."

44. What does the ninth commandment forbid?

The ninth commandment forbids false testimony of every description, which must include lying, slandering, evil speaking, and the like.

45. Is lying strongly condemned in the Bible?

Lying is perhaps more strongly condemned by God than any other sin. He hates lying, and says that all liars will be cast into Hell.

46. What is lying?

Lying is seeking to convey a meaning contrary to the truth, whether that meaning be conveyed by words, silence, or actions.

47. If you have slandered anyone, what must you do?

If I have slandered anyone, I must confess my sin and do the best I can to undo the wrong I have done.

48. What is the tenth commandment?

The tenth commandment is, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not

covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his manservant, nor his maidservant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbour's."

49. What does the tenth commandment forbid?

The tenth commandment forbids all unjust and selfish desires for the things possessed by our neighbours, and all discontent and murmuring about our own lot in this world.

50. Did our Lord Jesus Christ approve of the Ten Commandments?

Our Lord Jesus Christ showed His approval of the Ten Commandments by referring to them in another form of words.

51. What words did our Lord Jesus Christ use in referring to the commandments?

The Lord Jesus Christ said that the meaning of the Ten Commandments could all be put into one—"Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and thy neighbour as thyself."

52. Did Jesus Christ promise eternal life to those who keep the commandments?

Jesus Christ said that those who do the commandments shall inherit eternal life.

53. Did Jesus Christ give a new commandment?

Jesus Christ gave a new commandment when He said, "A new commandment I give unto you, that ye love one another."

CHAPTER V.

OBEDIENCE TO THE ARMY.

1. What is The Salvation Army?

The Salvation Army is an Army of godly people, united together to love and serve God, to promote each other's welfare, and to spread Salvation throughout the world.

2. Who founded The Army?

Our General, William Booth, founded The Army in the year 1865.

3. Who is the Divine Head of The Salvation Army?

Jesus Christ is the Divine Head of The Salvation Army.

4. Who is the earthly head of The Army?

The General is the earthly head, or the chief Commanding Officer, of The Salvation Army.

5. Are there other Officers who have authority in The Army?

Other Officers are appointed by The General to be our leaders, and to have authority over us in The Army.

CHAPTER VI.

THE AUTHORITY OF THE ARMY.

1. Has God commanded leaders to rule over us in His name and to watch for our souls?

God has commanded leaders to rule over us and to watch for our souls.

2. Has God commanded us to obey those who rule over us?

God has commanded us to obey those who rule over us in the Lord.

3. Whom has God appointed over us to watch for our souls?

God has appointed over us The Salvation Army.

4. How does The Salvation Army rule over us and watch over our souls?

The Salvation Army rules over us and watches for our souls by making known to us the will of God, showing us how to obey it, and by watching to see that we do so.

5. How does The Army make known to us the will of God?

Our Officers teach us what is the will of God.

6. Does The Army teach us the will of God in any other way?

The Army teaches us the will of God by giving us Orders and Regulations, and if we carry them out our lives will be good and useful.

7. How do we know The Army has the authority to rule over and teach us?

We know that The Army has this authority by the following signs:—

1. The Army was called into existence by God.
2. It exists for the glory of God.
3. It receives the whole Bible as the Word of God.
4. It is composed of those who are the people of God.
5. Its government is fashioned after a plan laid down by God.
6. It is directed and sustained by the Spirit of God.
7. It belongs to the everlasting Kingdom of God.
8. It does its work by the power of God.
9. It has for its object the will of God in the Salvation of all men from sin and misery here and hereafter.
10. It has received the command of God: "Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature."

8. Has The Army all the Divine authority and all the spiritual advantages possessed by the churches and other religious societies?

Yes, The Army has all the Divine authority and all the spiritual advantages possessed by the churches and other religious societies.

9. Is a faithful Officer in The Army as able to impart spiritual blessings and guidance as any priest, clergyman, or other minister of religion?

Yes, a faithful Officer in The Army, whether a man or a woman, is as able to impart spiritual blessings and guidance as any priest, clergyman, or other minister of religion.

CHAPTER VII.

THE COMMANDS OF THE ARMY.

1. You said that The Army made rules to teach us how to live a holy life?

The Army has made rules to teach us how to live a holy life.

2. What are some of The Army's rules?

The Soldiers of The Salvation Army are commanded:—

1. To keep the Salvation Soldier's Covenants.
2. To enjoy the Six Great Privileges.
3. To fight against the Seven Common Evils.
4. To exercise the Ten Precious Graces.
5. To practise the Threefold Affection.

6. To observe the Five Army Ordinances.
7. To use the Three Army Symbols.
8. To proclaim the Seven Salvation Truths.
9. To live according to the Ten Daily Rules.

3. What are the SALVATION SOLDIER'S COVENANTS?

The Salvation Soldier's Covenants are:—

1. To live in a state of Salvation.
2. To be true to The Army.
3. To renounce sinful pleasures, evil companions, and worldly dress.
4. To abstain from intoxicating liquors.
5. To refrain from the use of bad, impure or foolish speaking.
6. To be true in all things and to speak the truth always.
7. To be kind and patient towards relatives, and kind to all the creatures God has made.
8. To give and beg as far as may be possible to support The Army.
9. To obey the orders of his Officers.
10. To labour for the Salvation of others.

4. Will you name the SIX GREAT PRIVILEGES?

The Six Great Privileges are:—

1. Reading the Bible.
2. Private prayer.
3. Attendance at Army meetings.

4. Communion with godly friends.
5. The opportunity to fight for souls.
6. Reading The Army literature.

5. What are the SEVEN COMMON EVILS?

The Seven Evils that every Soldier must fight against are:—

1. Evil thoughts.
2. Unprofitable reading.
3. Personal impurity.
4. Worldly companions.
5. Gay clothing.
6. Intoxicating drink.
7. Bessetting sins.

6. What are the TEN PRECIOUS GRACES?

These may be best remembered by connecting the first five with the fingers of the right hand, and the second five with the fingers of the left hand.

1. Faith.

2. Love.

3. Hope.

4. Kindness.

5. Humility.



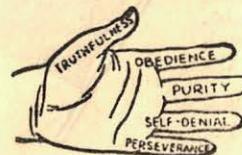
1. Truthfulness.

2. Obedience.

3. Purity.

4. Self-denial.

5. Perseverance.



7. What do you mean by practising the THREE-FOLD AFFECTION ?

The Threefold Affection is:—

1. To love those dear relations, friends and comrades who love us.
2. To love our enemies, if we have any, who hate us.
3. To love our neighbours, that is, all the world, for whom our Saviour has died.

8. What are the FIVE ORDINANCES of The Army ?

The Army's Five Ordinances are:—

1. The Dedication of children to God and The Army.
2. The Mercy Seat.
3. Enrolment under The Army Flag.
4. Commissioning of Officers.
5. Marriage according to Army rules.

9. What do you understand by the THREE SYMBOLS ?

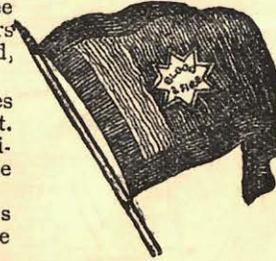
The Three Army Symbols are:—

1. The Flag (see picture), the colours of which are Red, Yellow, and Blue.

(a) Red signifies the Blood of Christ.

(b) Yellow signifies the Fire of the Holy Ghost.

(c) Blue signifies the Purity of the Soul.



2. The Army Crest (see picture) sets forth The Army Doctrines as follows:—

(a) The round figure, which means the sun, represents the light and fire of the Holy Ghost.

(b) The cross in the centre represents the Cross of our Lord Jesus Christ.

(c) The letter "S" stands for Salvation.

(d) The swords represent the Warfare of Salvation.

(e) The shots represent the truths of the Gospel.

(f) The crown represents the Crown of Glory, which God will give to all His Soldiers who are faithful to the end.

3. The Salute is a hand raised (see picture) and is a sign of Salvation greeting and respect.

10. Will you name the SEVEN SALVATION TRUTHS ?

The Seven Salvation Truths are:—

1. The existence of a holy, almighty and benevolent God.

2. The evils of sin as an awful offence against God and man.



3. The punishment of sin is certain, just and everlasting.

4. The Salvation provided for all men by the sacrifice of Jesus Christ upon the Cross, and wrought in the hearts of those who believe by the Holy Ghost.

5. The offer of a present, free and full Salvation to all men.

6. The responsibility of every Salvationist to use all he possesses to spread this Salvation.

7. The glorious and eternal rewards that God will bestow on every faithful Soldier of the Cross.

11. You speak of the RULES FOR THE ORDER OF THE DAY. What are they?

The Ten Rules for the Order of the Day are as follows:—

1. As soon as I awake I ought to thank my Heavenly Father for His goodness to me, rise at the proper time, dress with modesty, and then kneel down and offer my morning prayer to God.

2. I ought to read a portion of my Bible or Soldier's Guide every day.

3. I ought at all times to be pure and true in all things.

4. When I or those I love are in trouble, I ought to pray God to remove the affliction if it be His will, and if not I ought to be patient and humble in the trial.

5. When I am tempted to give way to bad tempers or to do anything wrong I ought to pray, "Lord, help me, for Jesus' sake, and keep me from this evil thing."

6. If I am carried away by temptation and fall into sin, I must not give up my Salvation and say that I am a backslider, but I must confess my sin to my Saviour, renounce it, and ask Him to forgive me.

7. I ought to treat the members of my family with respect and affection, and prove my love to them by kindness and patience in everything which concerns them, whether they show that kindness and patience to me or not.

8. I ought to be very kind to my dear comrades in The Salvation Army, and attend the meetings of my Corps as often as I can, and do the work set me by my Officers.

9. It is my duty, by prayer and by telling of the love of Jesus, every day to seek to win over someone to serve Him.

10. I must offer my evening prayer and then retire to rest, and give myself into the care of God, believing that if I die in my sleep He will take me to Himself in Heaven.

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