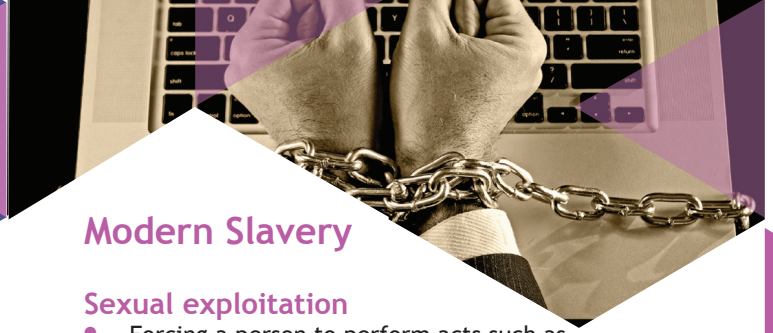
Neglect

- Poor physical condition of a person's living space
- Poor physical condition of a person
- A person having untreated injuries or medical conditions
- A person being malnourished and/or dehydrated
- A person having poor personal hygiene
- A person living in unsanitary or unclean conditions
- A person having no access to social activities

Self-neglect covers a wide range of behaviours including a person neglecting to care for their personal hygiene, health or surroundings. It can also include behaviours such as hoarding.

Spiritual Abuse

- A person being forced to accept religious ideas or values
- A person experiencing the misuse of the authority of leadership
- A person being compelled to engage in some deliverance ministries
- A person whose faith has been denied
- An abused person urged to forgive unconditionally
- A person experiencing oppressive spiritual disciplines
- A person not supported to attend worship or other activities linked to their faith



Modern Slavery

Sexual exploitation

- Forcing a person to perform acts such as prostitution, escort work or pornography under threat

Forced labour

- Forcing a person to work against their will
- A person working long hours for little or no pay
- A person or their family receiving verbal or physical threats of violence

Domestic servitude

- Forcing a person to work for little or no pay
- A person having no free time or restricted movement
- A person having minimal privacy
- A person having to sleep where they work

Radicalisation

- A person reading or distributing extremist ideological, political or religious material
- Significant changes in a person's behaviour or outward appearance, suggesting a new political or religious influence
- A person showing outward support of terrorist attacks
- A person participating in racial/religious hate crimes
- A person being influenced by a significant adult involved in extremist views
- A person having extended times of travel to international locations associated with terrorism

SAFEGUARDING Adults

SIGNS OF ABUSE

Everyone has the right

- to live free from fear
- to be respected
- to make choices about their life and things that affect them

This leaflet is to help those who are over 18 to protect their rights if they are being abused

The Salvation Army
United Kingdom Territory with the Republic of Ireland
Registered Charity No 214779, and in Scotland SC009359

Psychological/Emotional abuse

- A person being silent when an abuser is near
- Access to a person's friends being stopped
- Signs of fear and/or withdrawal in a person
- Anger without an apparent cause
- Change of appetite in a person
- Unexplained changes in the behaviour of a person (including rocking)
- A person being confused
- A person giving implausible explanations

Physical Abuse

- A person having cuts, wounds, bruises, welts, black eyes, burns, broken bones
- A person having untreated injuries in various stages of healing or not properly treated
- Unexplained falls
- A person having poor skin condition or poor skin hygiene
- A person being dehydrated or malnourished without an illness-related cause
- A person having broken glasses or signs of being restrained
- Inappropriate use of medication, over-dosing or under-dosing
- A person showing subdued behaviour in presence of abuser

Financial Abuse

- An unexplained lack of money to maintain a person's lifestyle
- Evidence of unexplained and unusual bank withdrawals
- Cheques signed when a person cannot write
- Previous uninvolved relatives suddenly taking an interest in a person
- Disappearance of a person's valuable possessions
- Unusual interest shown by others in a vulnerable person's assets
- Unjustified obtaining of Appointeeship or Power of Attorney
- Inclusion of another person's name on bank accounts etc
- Abrupt changes to a person's will

Sexual Abuse

- Bruising to a person's thighs and upper arms
- A person having unusual difficulty in walking or sitting
- Changes in a person's sexual behaviour or attitude
- Reluctance of a person to be alone with a person known to them
- Evidence of self-harm
- The withdrawal of a person

Institutional Abuse

- Failure to ensure a person's privacy or personal dignity
- Public discussion of a person's personal matters
- Inadequate or delayed response to a person's reasonable requests
- Inadequate staff support for a person
- The needs of the institution coming before those of the individual
- Evidence of rigid, inflexible routines

Discrimination

- Derogatory comments made to someone relating to their gender, race, colour etc.
- Failure to recognise a person's culture or diet
- Exclusion from rights afforded to other citizens
- Evidence of hate crimes against a person
- Difficulties in communication due to language spoken by a person